



GEBCO Science Day
8 October 2013 ISMAR-Venice



<http://www.magicproject.it>

MaGIC project: the Italian experience of a common effort of the scientific community to acquire, process, interpret a very large amount HR bathymetric data at a national scale

Francesco L. Chiocci and many, many coauthors

MAGIC project: *MA*rine *Ge*ohazard along the *It*alian *Co*asts

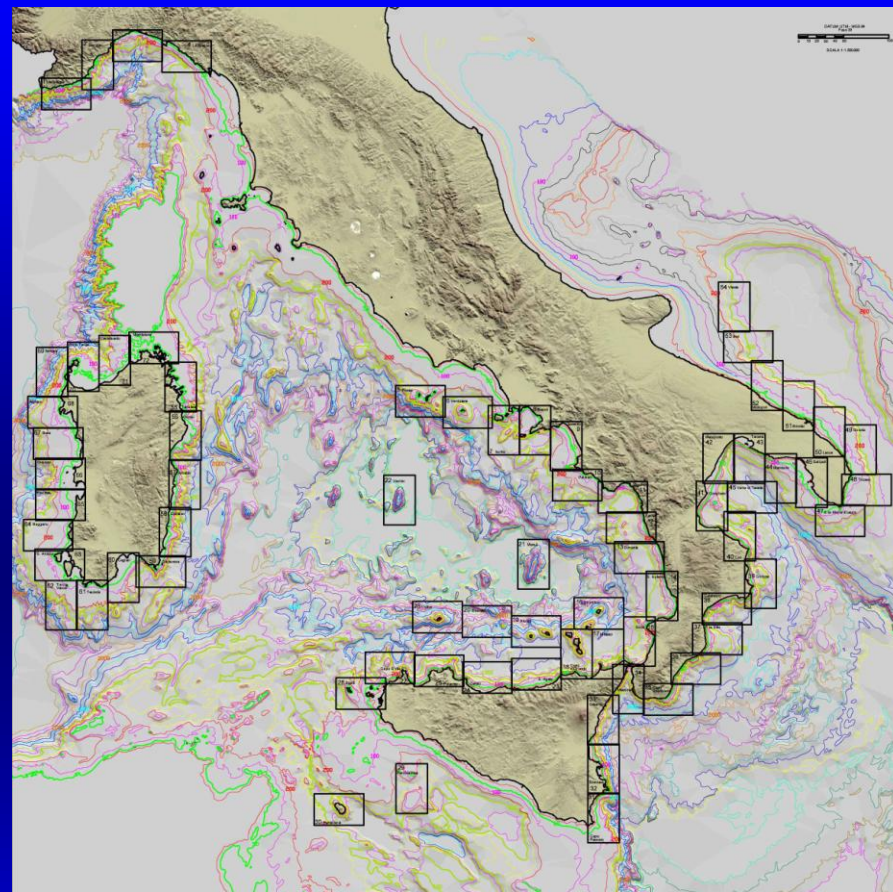


Multibeam mapping
(1:50.000)
of most of the Italian
margins
5-year period:
In the depth range 50-500m
December 2007-December 2012

Funded by the Italian Civil
Protection Department (DPC)



5.25 M€ direct funding +
2 M€ ship-time CNR co-financing



Aims of the Project:

provide DPC a basic tool for monitoring
and managing marine geohazards and risk

The whole Italian Marine Geology scientific
community is involved in the project

CNR Roma - Istituto di
Geologia Ambientale e
Geoingegneria



CNR Bologna - Istituto per le
Scienze del Mare

CNR Napoli - Istituto per
l'Ambiente Marino e Costiero

Università di Genova

Università di Trieste

Università di Roma

“La Sapienza”

Università di Palermo

Università di Cagliari

Università di Milano Bicocca

Università di Sassari

Università del Sannio



CoNISMa
Consorzio Nazionale
Interuniversitario
per le Scienze del Mare

Ist. Naz. Oceanografia
e Geofisica Sperimentale,
Trieste



MAGIC project: *MA*rine *Ge*ohazard along the *It*alian *Co*asts

Tyrrhenian basin and Sicily Channel:

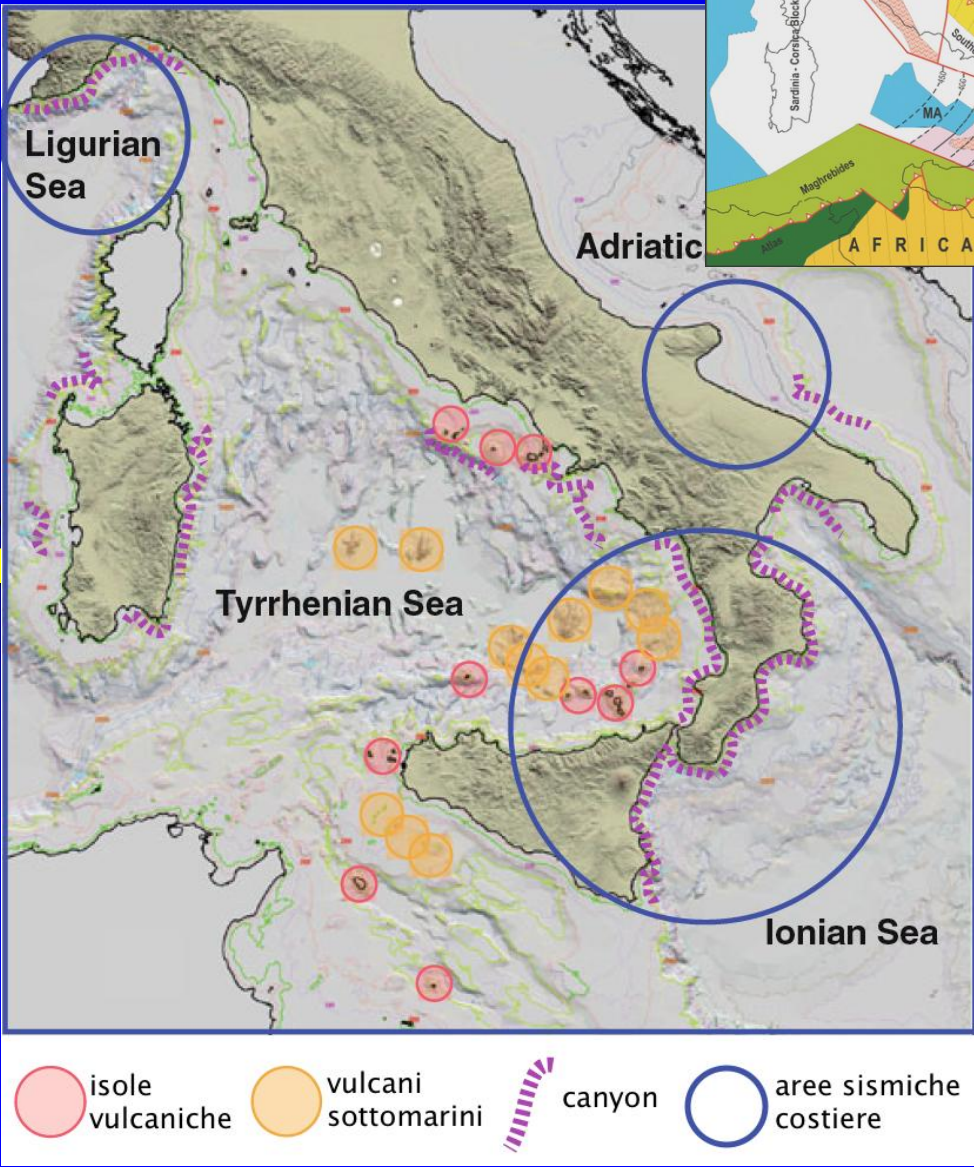
Volcanic activity
Strong seismicity

Ionian and South Adriatic:

Fault systems related with tectonic deformation and seismicity on land

All margins:

Canyon incision and sediment instability



MAGIC project: *MA*rine *Geohazard* along the *It*alian *Co*asts

Project Partners



CNR (Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche)

- **IGAG** Istituto per la Geologia Ambientale e Geoingegneria - Roma
- **ISMAR** Istituto per le Scienze Marine - Bologna
- **IAMC** Istituto per l'Ambiente Marino e Costiero – Napoli



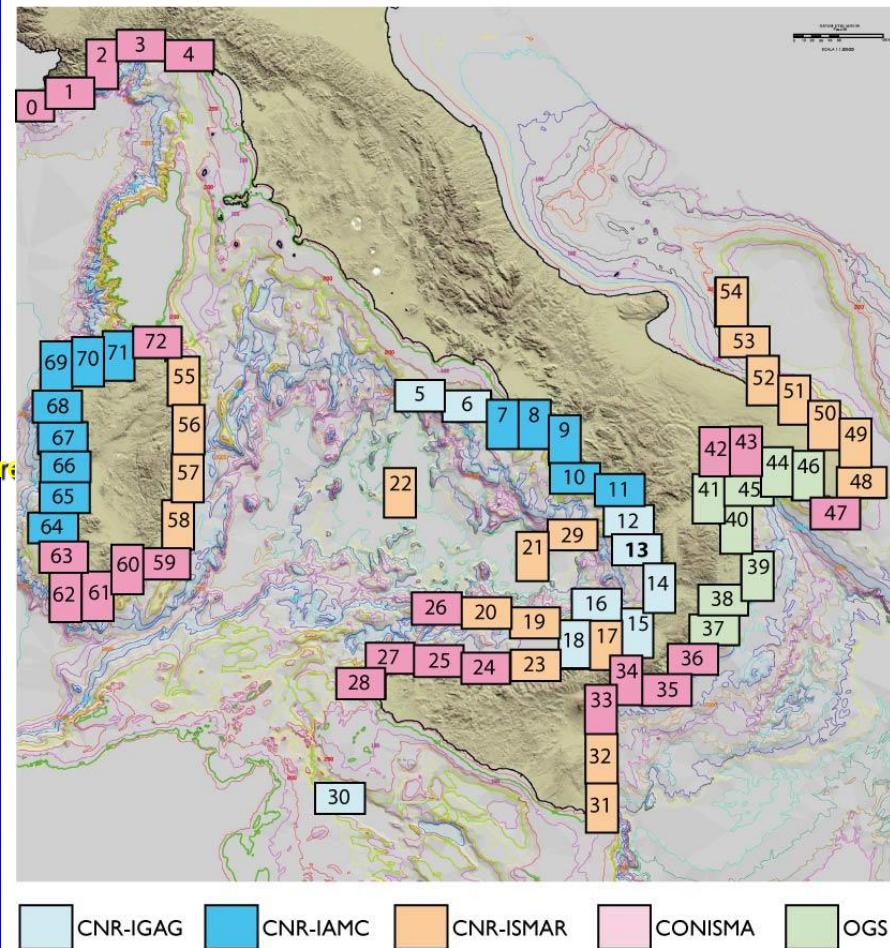
CoNISMa (Consorzio Nazionale Interuniversitario per le Scienze del Mare)

- University of Genova
- University of Trieste
- University of Rome Sapienza
- University of Palermo
- University of Cagliari
- University of Sassari
- University of Milano - Bicocca
- University of Sannio (Benevento)



OGS Istituto Nazionale di Oceanografia e Geofisica Sperimentale – Trieste
IGAG, Rome

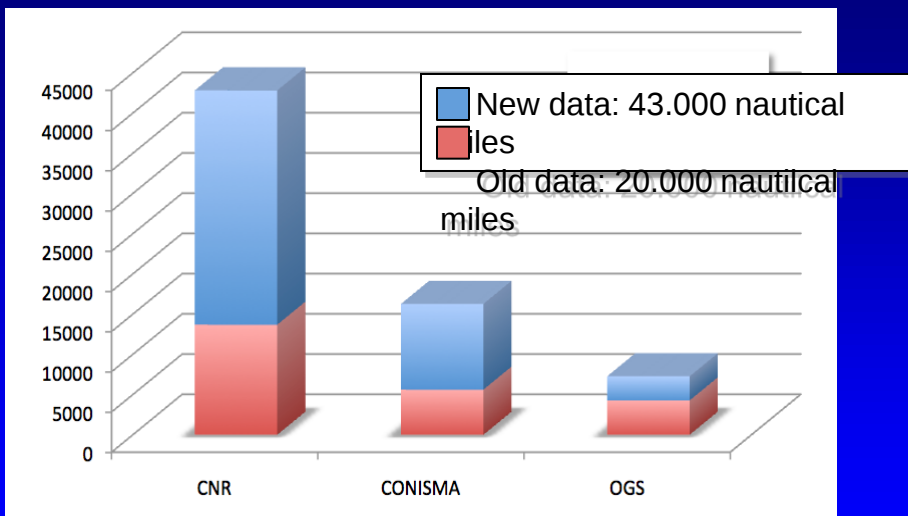
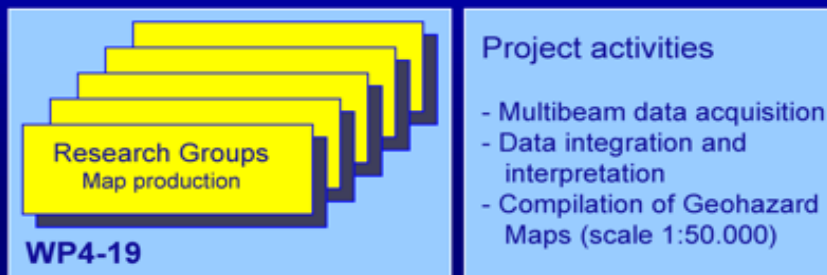
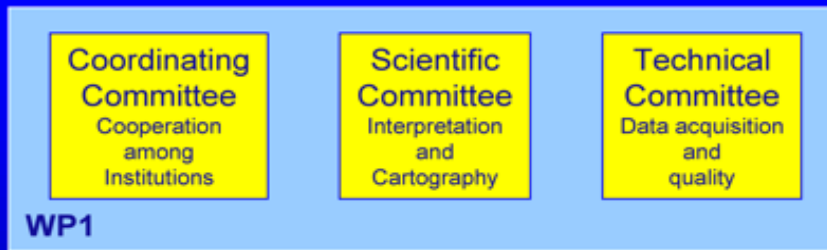
Chiocci



Main Contractor CNR-

Project Leader: Prof. Francesco L.

Structure of the project

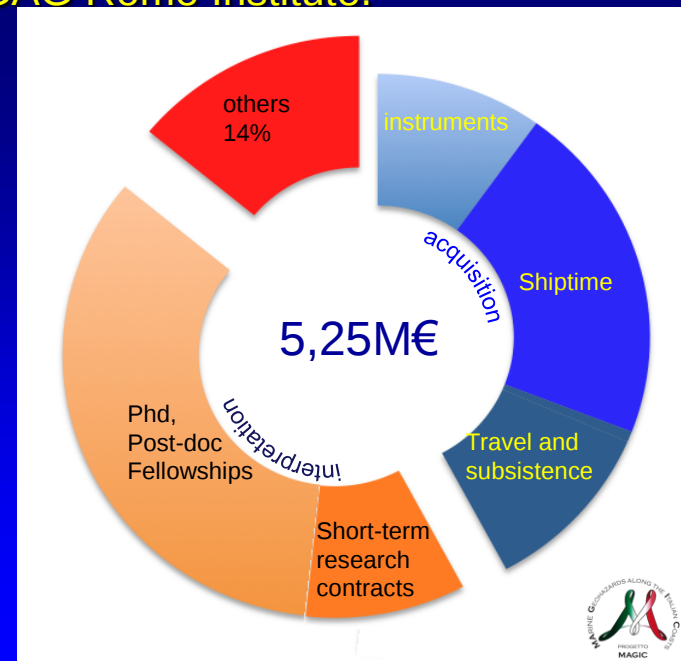


Each sheet is under responsibility of one of the 15 research groups, whose leaders form the Scientific Committee.

Funding is mainly devoted to shiptime and to fellowships and contract for young researchers .

Interpretation criteria and processing procedures are defined by collaborative approach in the committees

Respect of timetable, processing procedures, interpretation criteria is centralised at the CNR-IGAG Rome Institute.





Aggiornamento del 27/01/2011

Legenda:

- Acquisizione non terminata
- Acquisizione completata
- Fogli consegnati entro il 2° anno
- Acquisizione Foglio "Roller Up Foglio" (se le acquisizioni sono terminate dopo la consegna del foglio)
- LAVORO CONSEGNA FINO AL 3° ANNO (con scrittura arancio i fogli non richiesti in più)
- Mancanti

OS	UNI	Moduli	# Foglio	Nome	1° ANNO		2° ANNO		3° ANNO		3° ANNO		4° ANNO		4° ANNO		5° ANNO		5° ANNO	
					1° semestre	2° semestre	1° semestre	2° semestre	1° semestre	2° semestre	1° semestre	2° semestre	1° semestre	2° semestre	1° semestre	2° semestre	1° semestre	2° semestre	1° semestre	2° semestre
Contema	UNTS	4	1	Ventimiglia	Pre															
	UNTS	4	2	Savona	Pre															
	UNTS	4	3	Genova	Pre															
	UNTS	9	4	La Spezia																
	UNTS	12	35	Capo Spartivento																
	UnIPA	9	24	Catelo																
	UnIPA	9	25	Palermo																
	UnIPA	9	26	Ustica	Pre	Foglio														
	UnIPA	9	27	Capo S. Vito																
	UnIPA	9	28	Egadi																
	UnIPA	9	29	Ferdinandea																
	UnRM	11	33	Catania	Pre	Foglio														
	UnRM	11	34	Massima	Pre	Foglio														
	UnMB	13	36	Siderno	Pre	Foglio														
	UnMB	13	47	S. Maria di Leuca	Pre															
	UnSarno	15	42	Metaponto	Pre															
	UnSarno	15	43	Taranto																
	UnICA	16	59	Carbonara																
	UnICA	16	60	Cagliari																
	UnICA	16	61	Teulada																
	UnICA	16	62	Toro e Vacca																
	UnICA	16	63	S. Antico																
	UNDS	16	72	Madalena																
IDMAR		8	17	Milazzo	Pre	Foglio														
		8	19	Alcudi-Filicudi	Pre	Foglio														
		8	20	Stato Eolo Enarete	Pre	Foglio														
		8	21	Marsili	Pre	Foglio														
		8	21b	Vulcano-Palmuro	Pre	Foglio														
		8	22	Vavilov	Pre	Foglio														
		8	23	S. Agata																
		10	31	Capo Passero	Pre															
		10	32	Siracusa	Pre															
		16	48	Tricase																
		16	49	Oltanto																
		16	50	Lecca																
		16	51	Bridisi	Pre															
		16	52	Monopoli	Pre															
		16	53	Bari	Pre	Foglio														
		16	54	Vieste	Pre	Foglio														
		17	55	Tavolara																
		17	56	Orosi																
		17	57	Arbatax																
		17	58	Costa Rei																
IAMC		6	7	Ischia	Pre	Foglio														
		6	8	Napoli	Pre	Foglio														
		6	9	Salerno	Pre	Foglio														
		6	10	Palmuro	Pre	Foglio														
		6	11	Maratea	Pre	Foglio														
		19	54	Buggeru																
		19	55	Piacina																
		19	56	Oristano																
		19	57	Bosa																
		19	58	Alghero																

All the project milestones have been timely accomplished

Nota: Qualora l'acquisizione del Foglio IAMC, 1956, sia stata anticipata al semestre precedente (per motivi di disponibilità mezzi), devono essere conseguentemente anticipati allo stesso semestre la consegna dei fogli 1, delle Schede e delle Note a compendio.



100 kHz, 25-1000 m
12-24 kHz, 100-8000 m

N/O Explora (OGS)
1400TS 72m



N/O Universitatis (CoNISMa)
700TS 45m

450 kHz, 0-120m
50 kHz, 50-2600m



N/O Urania (CNR)
1000TS 61m

50 kHz, 50-2600m



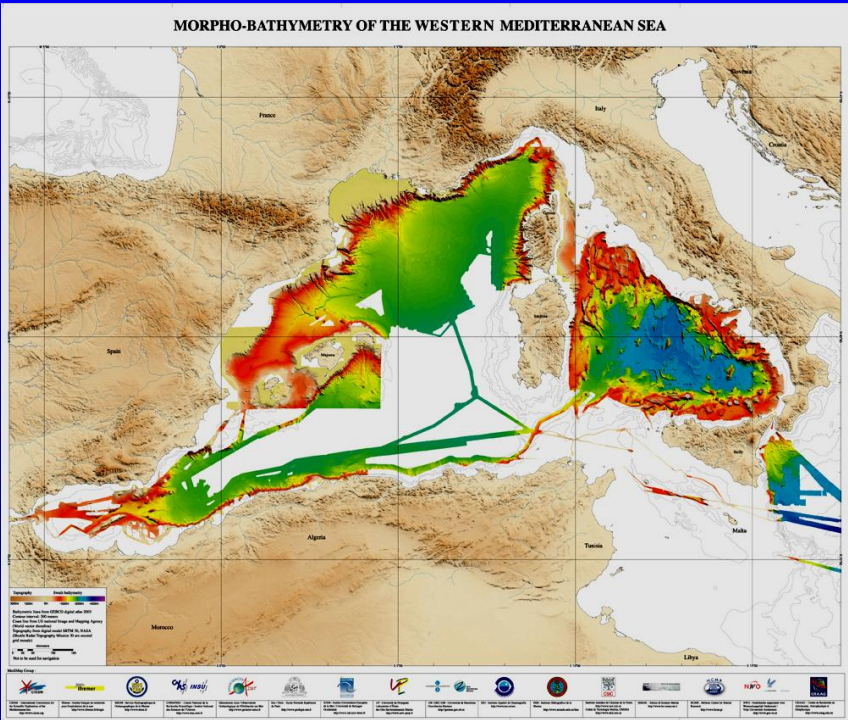
N/O Thethis (CNR)
N/O Maria Grazia (CNR)

450 kHz, 0-120m
100 kHz, 25-1000 m

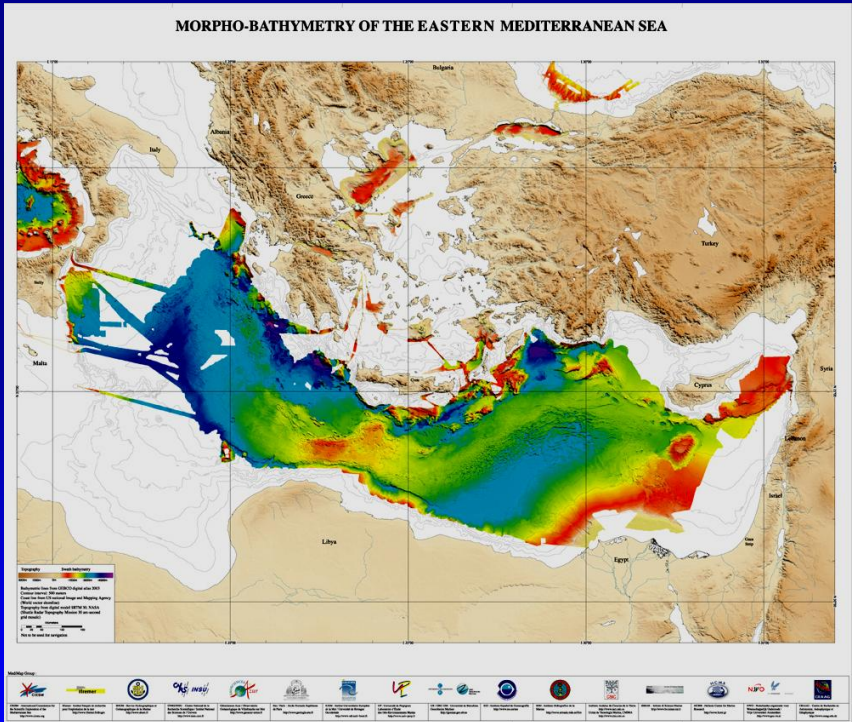
500 ship-days

THE COST (per km²) IS WATER DEPTH DEPENDENT

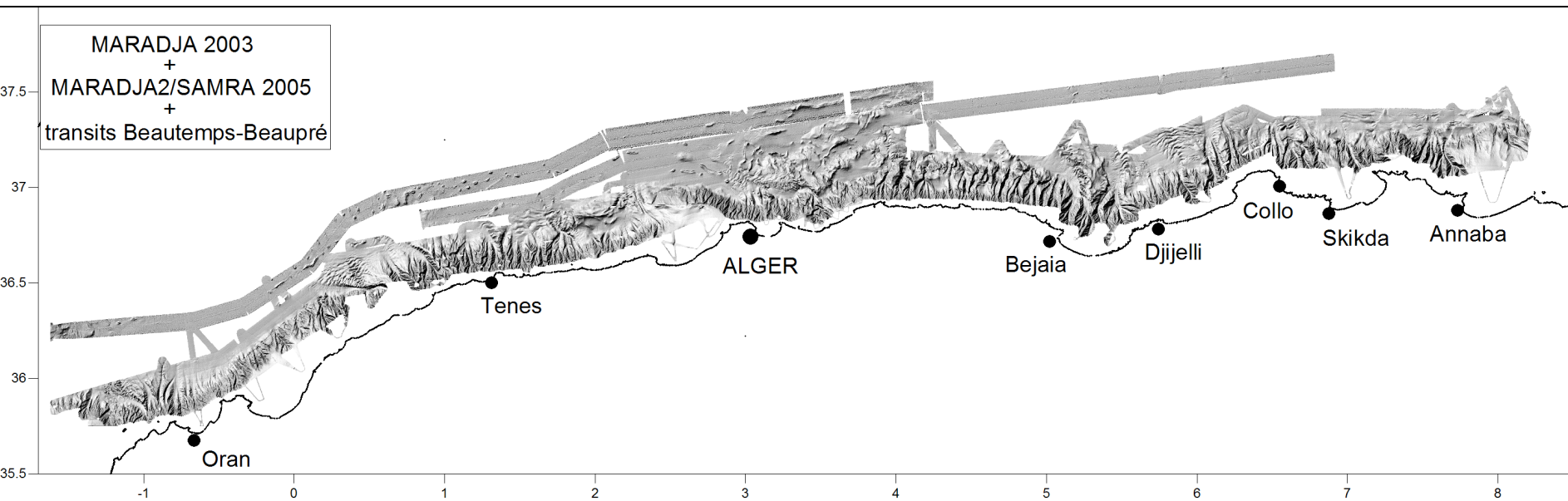
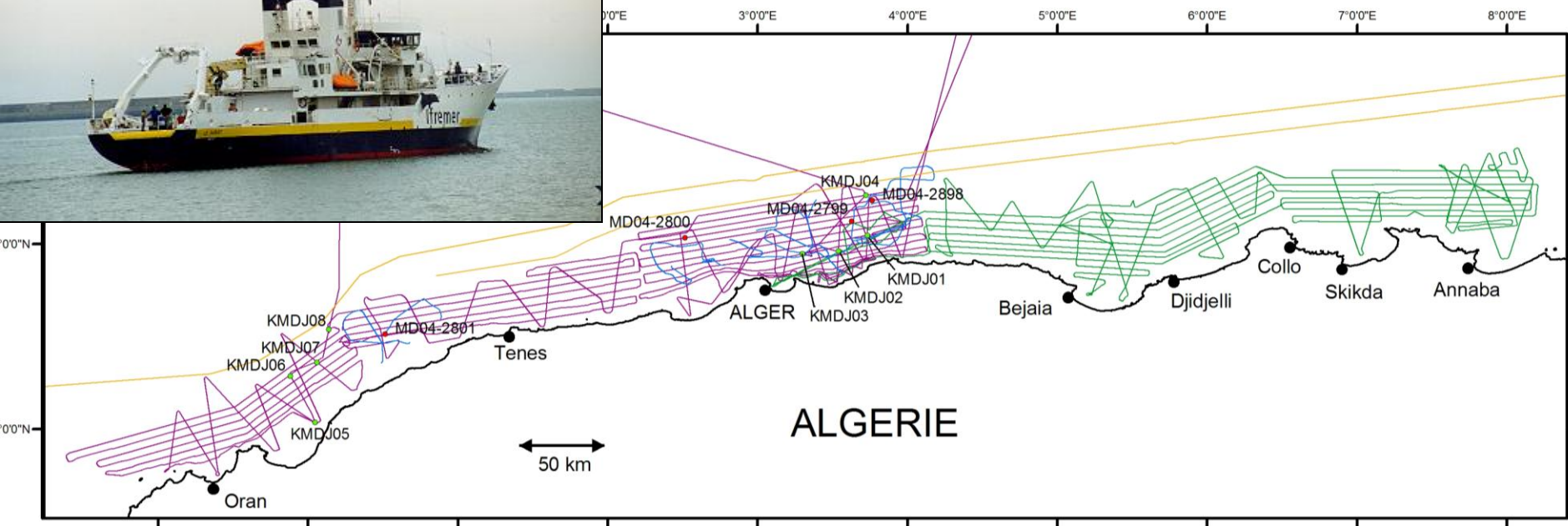
Ifremer-Brest
ISMAR-CNR Bologna
CNRS-Insu
Universitat de Barcelona
Universitat de Madrid
Universidad de Granada
Universiteit Amsterdam
Unitat de Tecnologia Marina, CMIMA/CSIC, Barcelona.



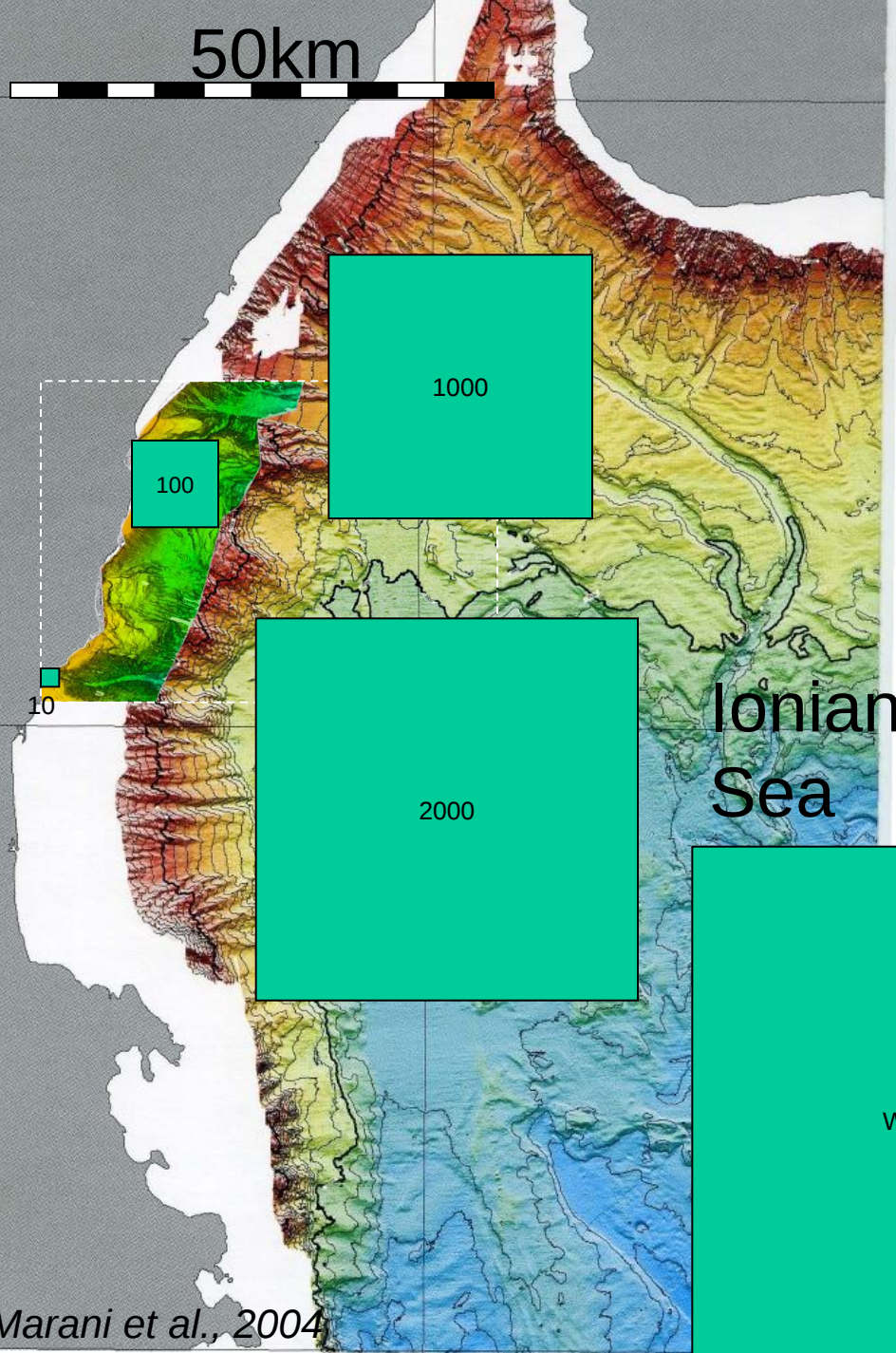
Eurostrataform, Eurodelta and Eurodom
ESF Eurocores projects
West-Med and Spacoma
Spanish RTD projects
Grandes and Prodelta



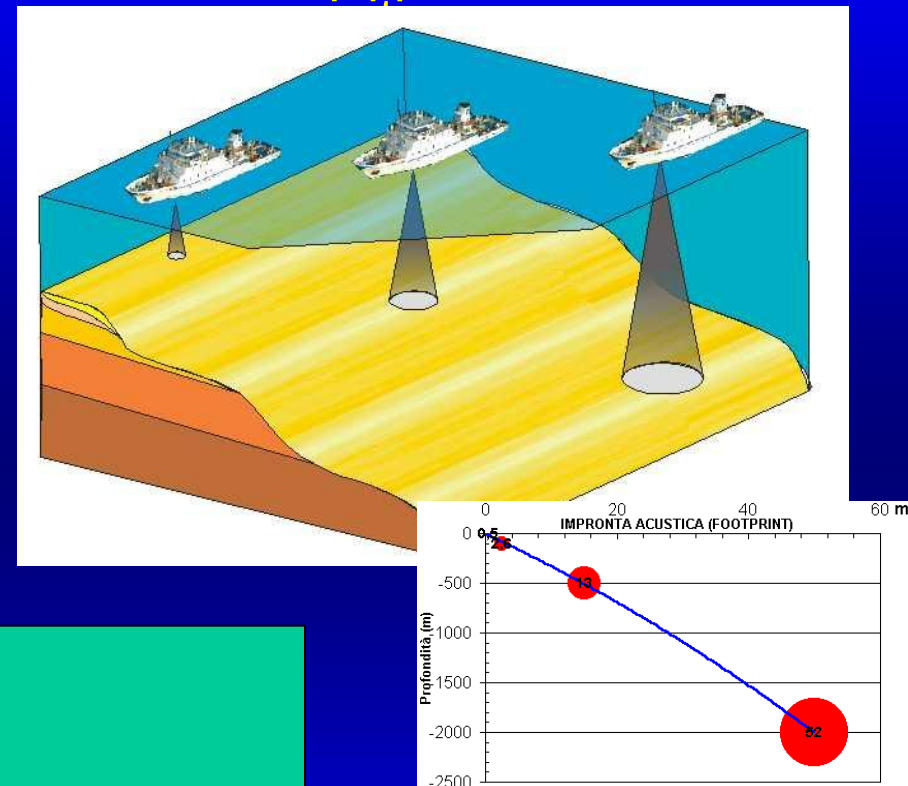
Algeria: Cruises MARADJA 2003 - 2005

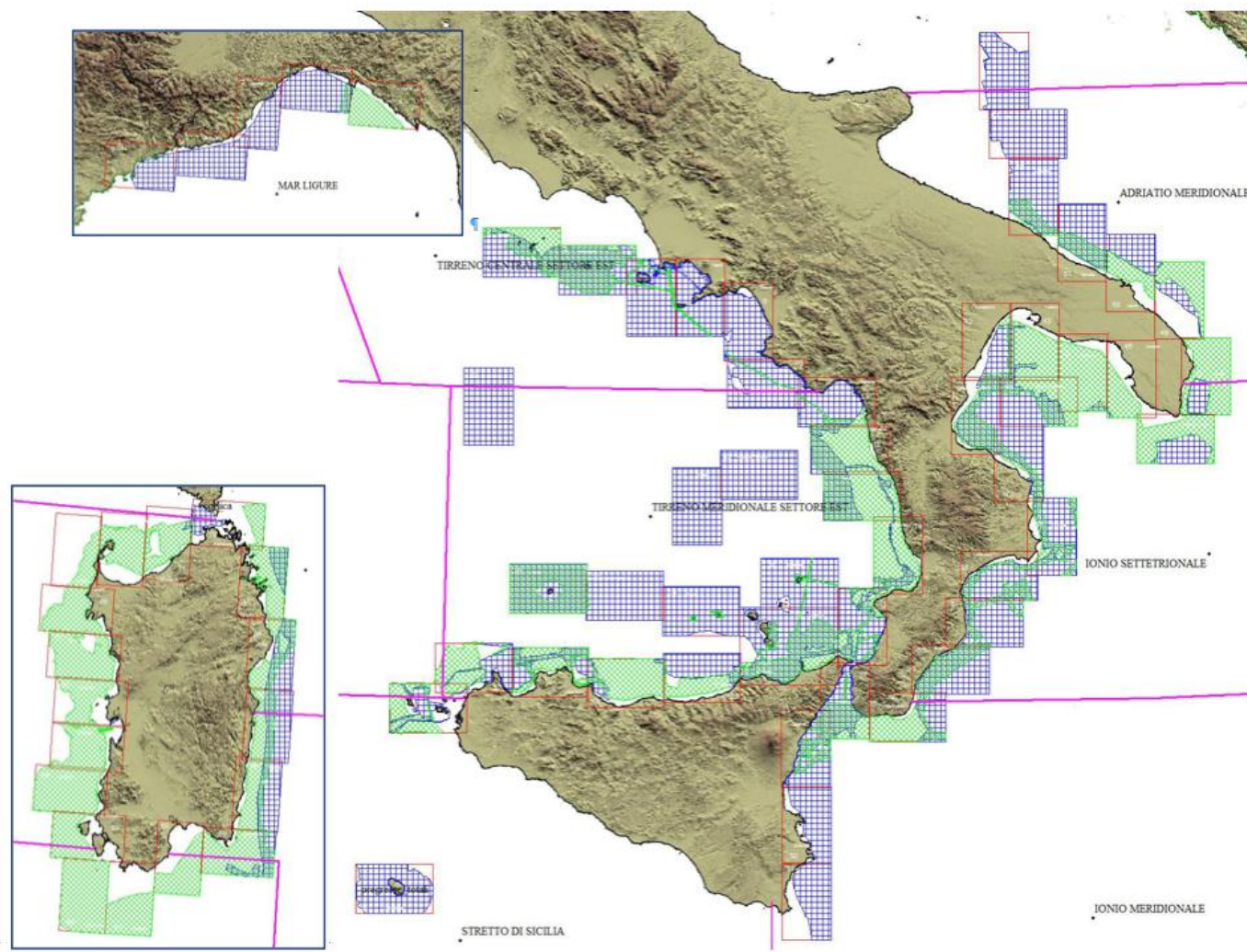


50km



Seafloor coverage
for one shiptime day
(24h) of data

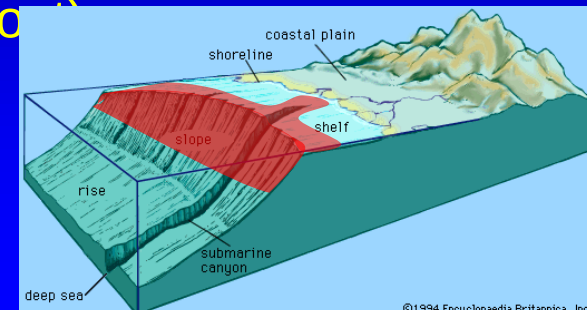




Therefore MaGIC project acquired data along the continental margins, with a reference depth range 50-500.

It can be extended to deeper water if time allows (low-cost) and to shallow water if needed (e.g. canyon head)

It can be narrowed to outer shelf if not relevant features are present



Goals of MaGIC project:

INTEREST FOR CIVIL PROTECTION

FALL OUT FOR SCIENTIFIC RESERACH

1) To realise the Map of Geohazard features of the Italian Seas (72 sheets, 1:50.000)

To identify areas with high risk, hypothesise causes and manage operations during emergencies, land planning (?)

Understand, by comparing features and interpretations, mass wasting processes in our tectonically active country



2) To create a high-resolution bathymetric database

Managing emergencies understanding of what happened

Triplication of the amount of multibeam data acquired until now, needed base for any scientific study



3) To create a database of maps from scientific literature (infor.mare sub-project)

Quick identification of state of knowledge and competencies in a given area

Previous knowledge synthesis tool



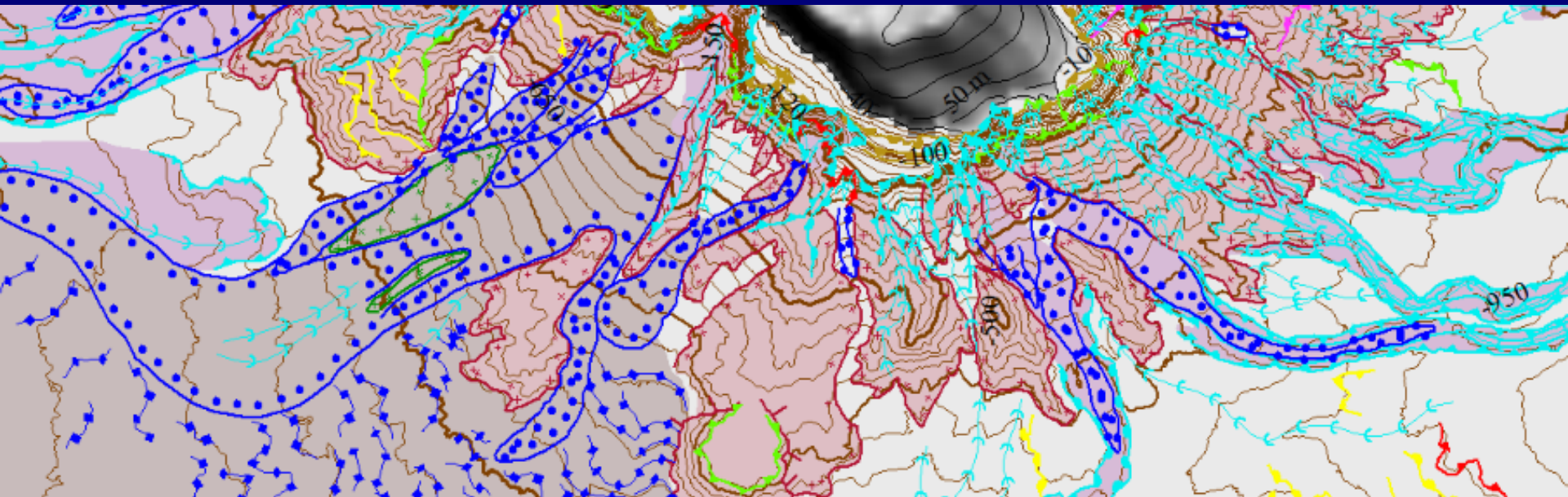


“Map of Geohazard Features of the Italian Seas”

How do we define criteria of objective interpretation and homogenous representation independent from context and interpreter experience?

How do we identify geohazards from only multibeam morphology (i.e. possibly ignoring the real genesis of some/most of the features)?

Solution: to map ALL and ONLY features having morphobathymetric expression



Criteria of representation of geohazard features of the Italian Seas

1 - show all the available information, maintaining a good readability of the map in terms of geohazards

2 - set up criteria to define, identify and map geohazard features homogeneously

3 - establish a hierarchy among the information, trough different mapping levels

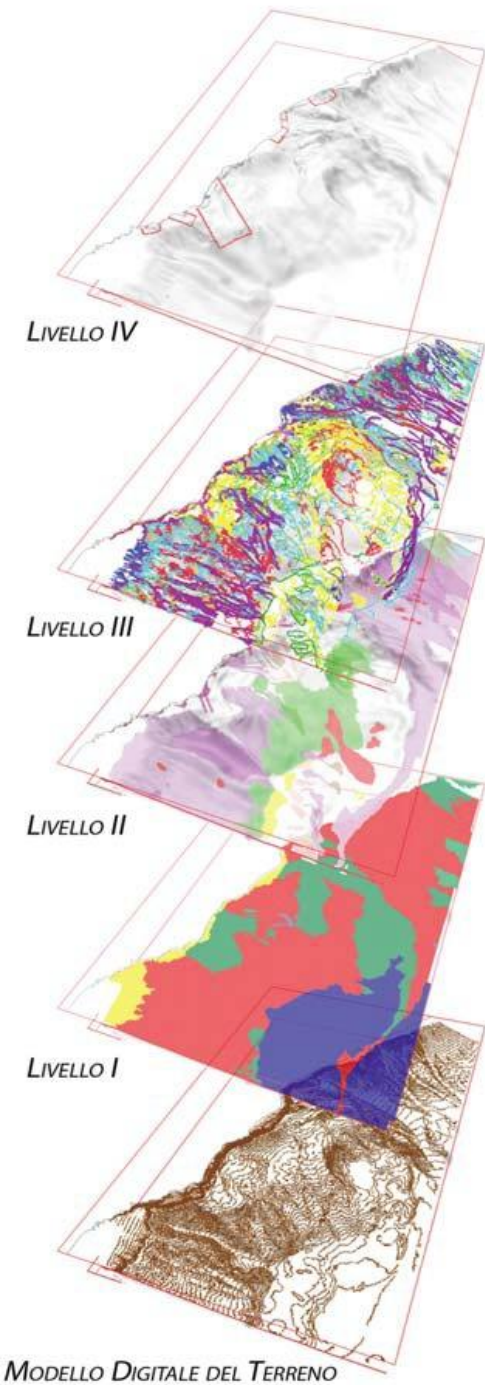
FOUR LEVEL REPRESENTATION

1st Physiographic domains (1:250.000 areas)

2nd Morphostructural units (1:50.000 areas + database)

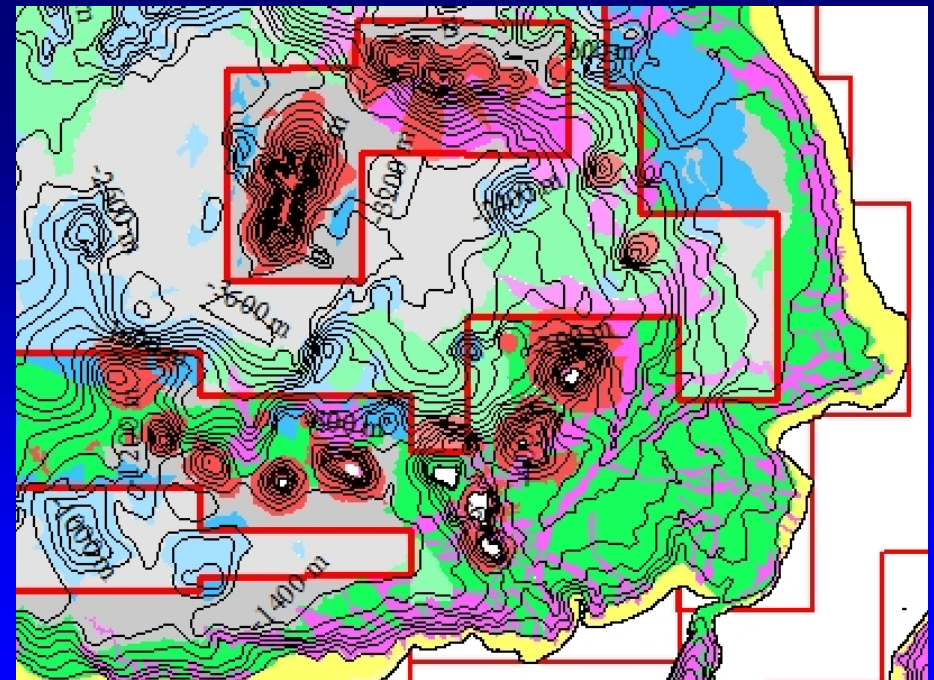
3rd Morphologic features (1:50.000 vectors)

4th Critical points (detailed scale - variable highlights)

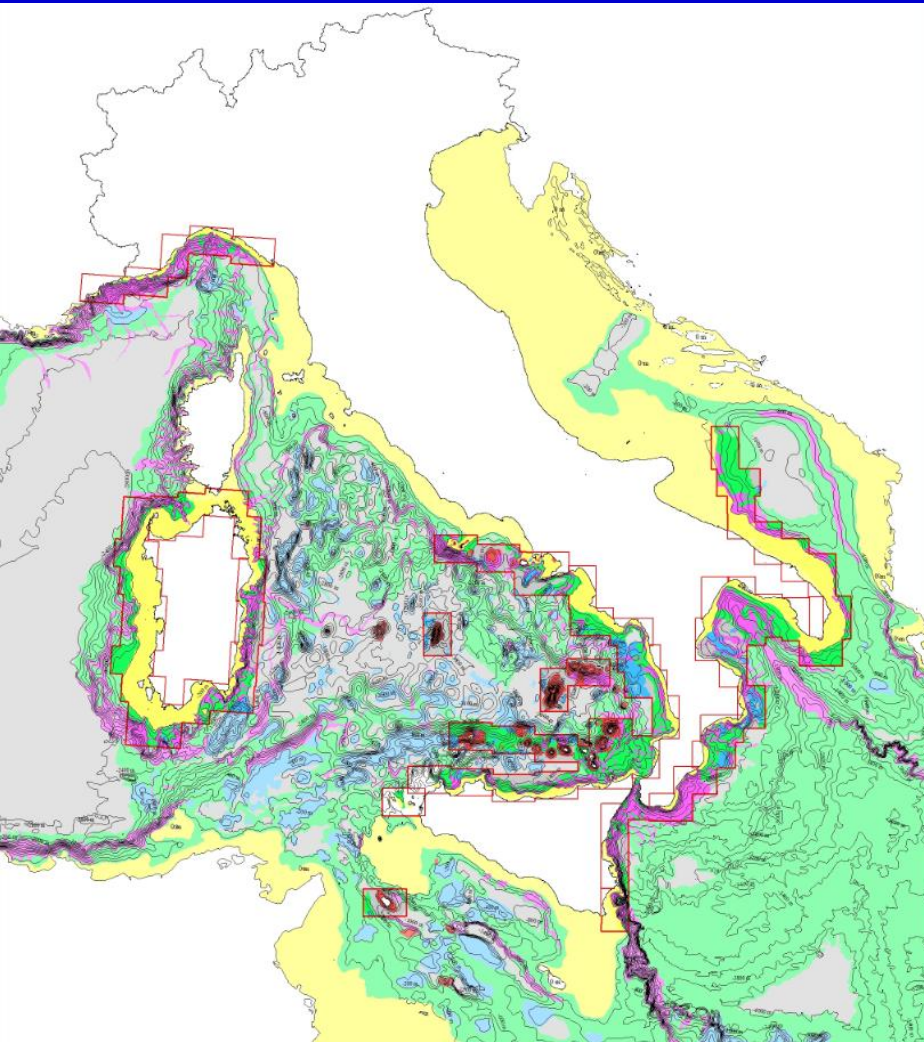


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4th Critical points (detailed scale - variable highlights)



Map of the physiographic domains of the seas surrounding Italy 1:250.000 scale



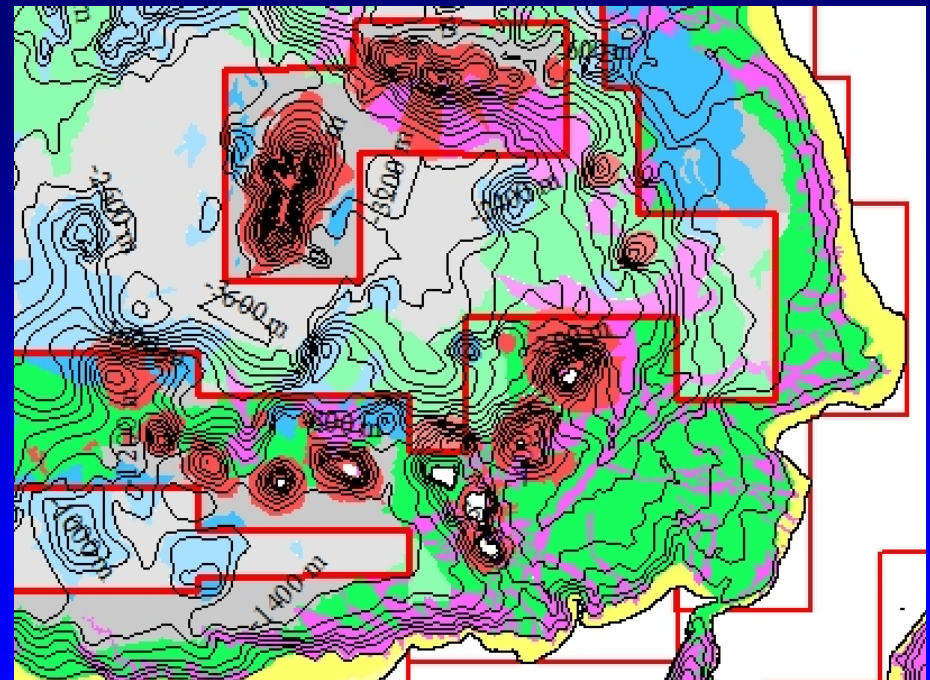
FOUR LEVEL REPRESENTATION

*1st Physiographic domains
(1:250.000 areas)*

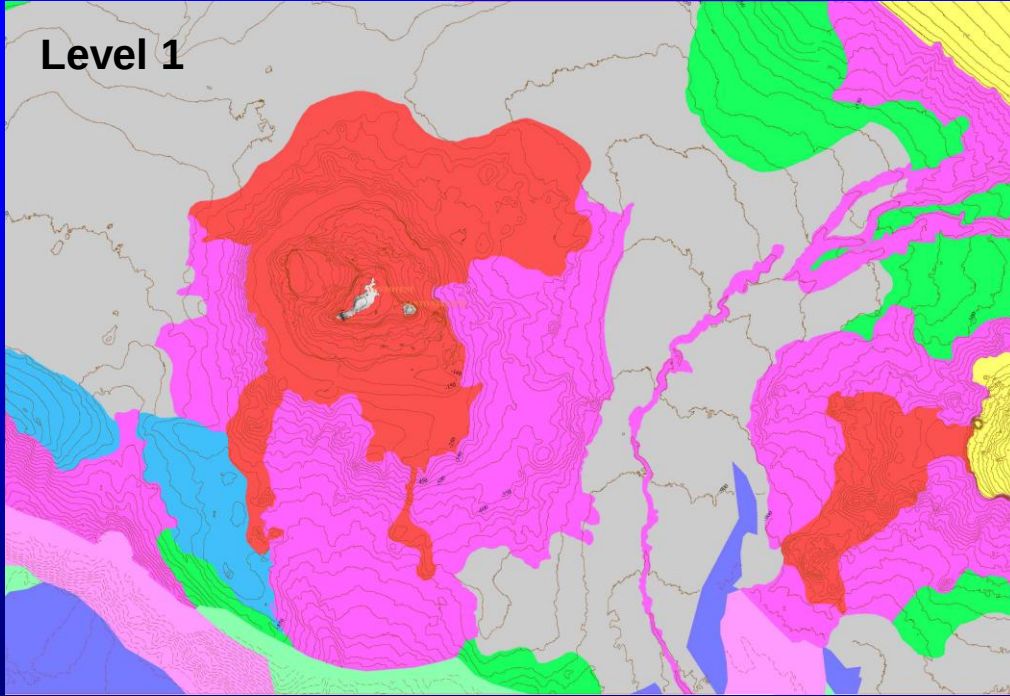
*2nd Morphostructural units
(1:50.000 areas + database)*

*3rd Morphologic features
(1:50.000 vectors)*

*4th Critical points
(detailed scale - variable
highlights)*



Level 1



FOUR LEVEL REPRESENTATION

*1st Physiographic domains
(1:250.000 areas)*

*2nd Morphostructural units
(1:50.000 areas + database)*

*3rd Morphologic features
(1:50.000 vectors)*

*4th Critical points
(detailed scale - variable
highlights)*

Represented as color areas in
1:50.000 maps

+ accompanying morphometric sheet
for each unit

Erosional Channels and Canyons (CCE)

Single Slide (FRS)

Widespread Erosion Area (ERD)

Erosional Amphitheatre Thalweg (TAE)

Bedform Area (FOF)

Fluid Escape Area (FUF)

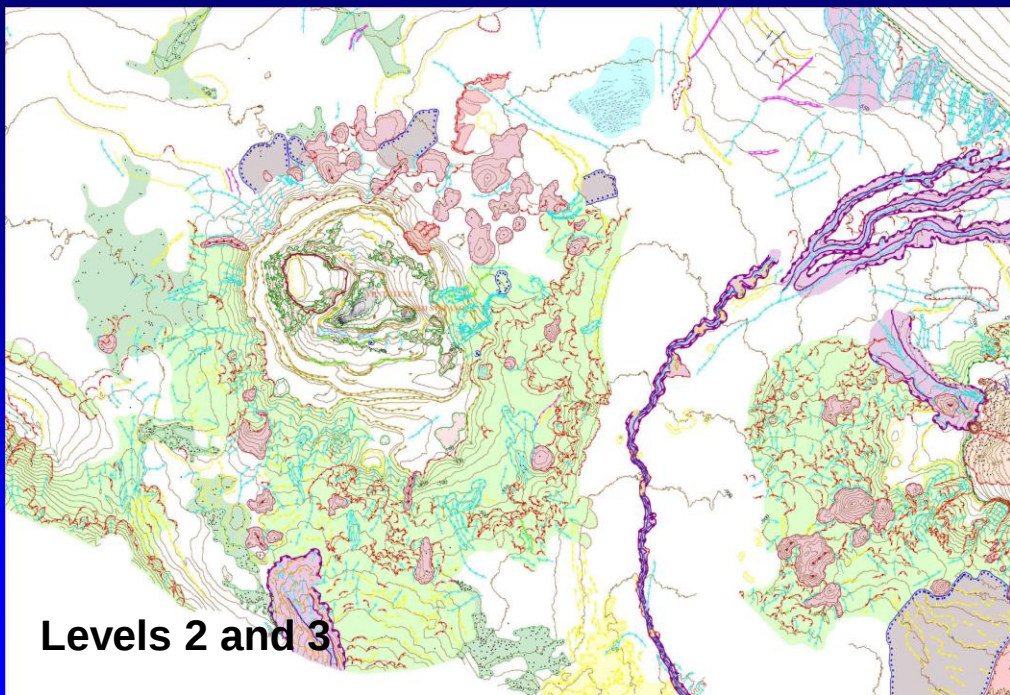
Unchannelised Flux Area (FNC)

Rocky bedrock Area (ASL)

Volcanic bedrock Area (AFV)

Tectonic Line (LIT)

Levels 2 and 3



3rd Level - Morphobathymetric elements (EM)

LEGENDA

1.1 Ciglio di Erosione Generica

1.2 Ciglio di Nicchia di Frana Semplice

1.3 Area di Traslazione

1.4 Ciglio di Nicchia di Frana Complessa

1.5 Ciglio di Nicchia di Frana Intracanalale

1.6 Bordo di Canyon

1.7 Bordo di Area a Erosione Diffusa

1.8 Ciglio di Canale Secondario o Semplice

1.9 Ciglio di Canale con Argine

1.10 Ciglio di Terrazzamento Intracanalale

1.11 Ciglio di Gradino Intracanalale

1.12 Ciglio di Terrazzo deposizionale

1.13 Ciglio di Scarpatà di Faglia

1.14 Ciglio Indefinito

1.15 Ciglio di Piattaforma Continentale

1.16 Base di Scarpatà

1.17 Bordo di Thalweg di Canale Secondario o Semplice

1.18 Bordo di Thalweg di Canyon

1.19 Letto di Canale a Profilo Arrotondato

1.20 Letto di Canale Con Profilo a V

2.1 Solco Erosivo

2.2 Area a Depressioni Erosive

2.3 Duna (Cresta/Area a)

2.4 Area a Megaripple

2.5 Onda di Sedimento (Cresta/Area a)

2.6 Impronte da Ostacolo

3.1 Deposito Intracanalale

3.2 Deposito da Flusso Gravitativo non Canalizzato

3.3 Corpo di Frana a superficie regolare

3.4 Corpo di Frana a Hummocky/Area a

3.5 Corpo di Frana a Blocchi/Area a

3.6 Colata Lavica

4.1 Rilievo di Origine Incerta

4.2 Depressione di Origine Incerta

4.3 Pockmark/Area a

4.4 Area ad Espulsione di fluidi

4.5 Vulcano di fango/Area a

4.6 Diapiro di fango/Area a

4.7 Area con Fessure di Trazione

4.8 Cresta di Pieghe di Compressione/Area a

4.9 Area con Deformazioni da Creep

4.10 Cresta (lama, arrotondata)

4.11 Substrato Litoide Affiorante

4.12 Substrato Vulcanico Affiorante

4.13 Blocostruzione

4.14 Centro Eruttivo (certo/incerto)

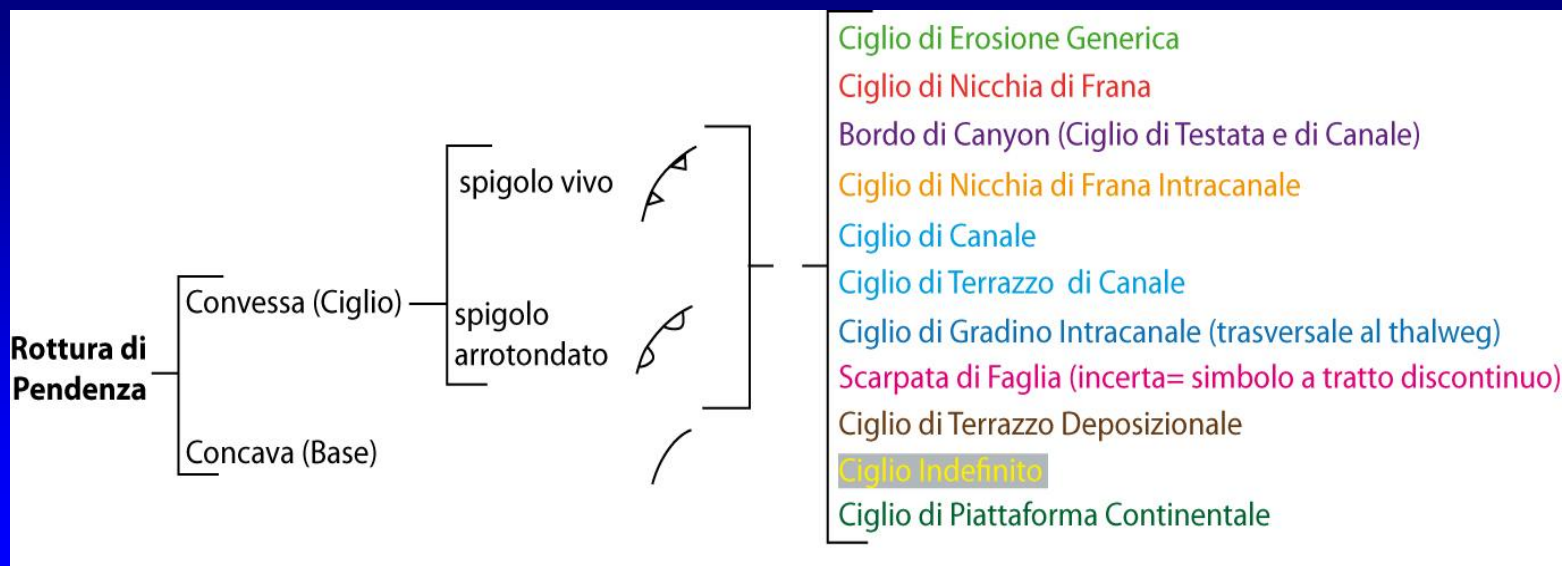
FOUR LEVEL REPRESENTATION

1st Physiographic domains
(1:250.000 areas)

2nd Morphostructural units
(1:50.000 areas + database)

3rd Morphologic features
(1:50.000 vectors)

4th Critical points
(detailed scale - variable highlights)



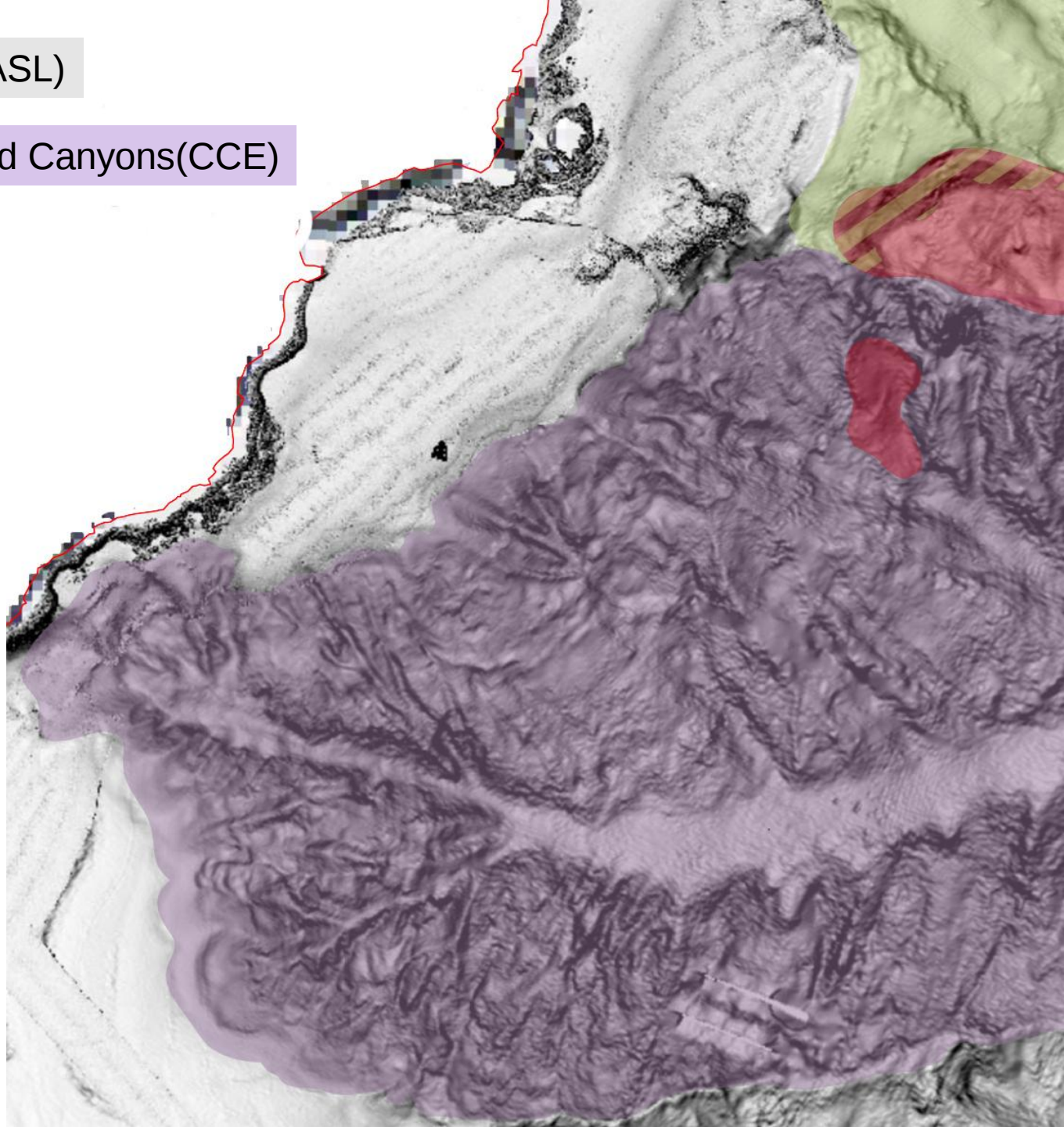
Rocky Bedrock Area (ASL)

Erosional Channels and Canyons(CCE)

Single Slide (FRS)

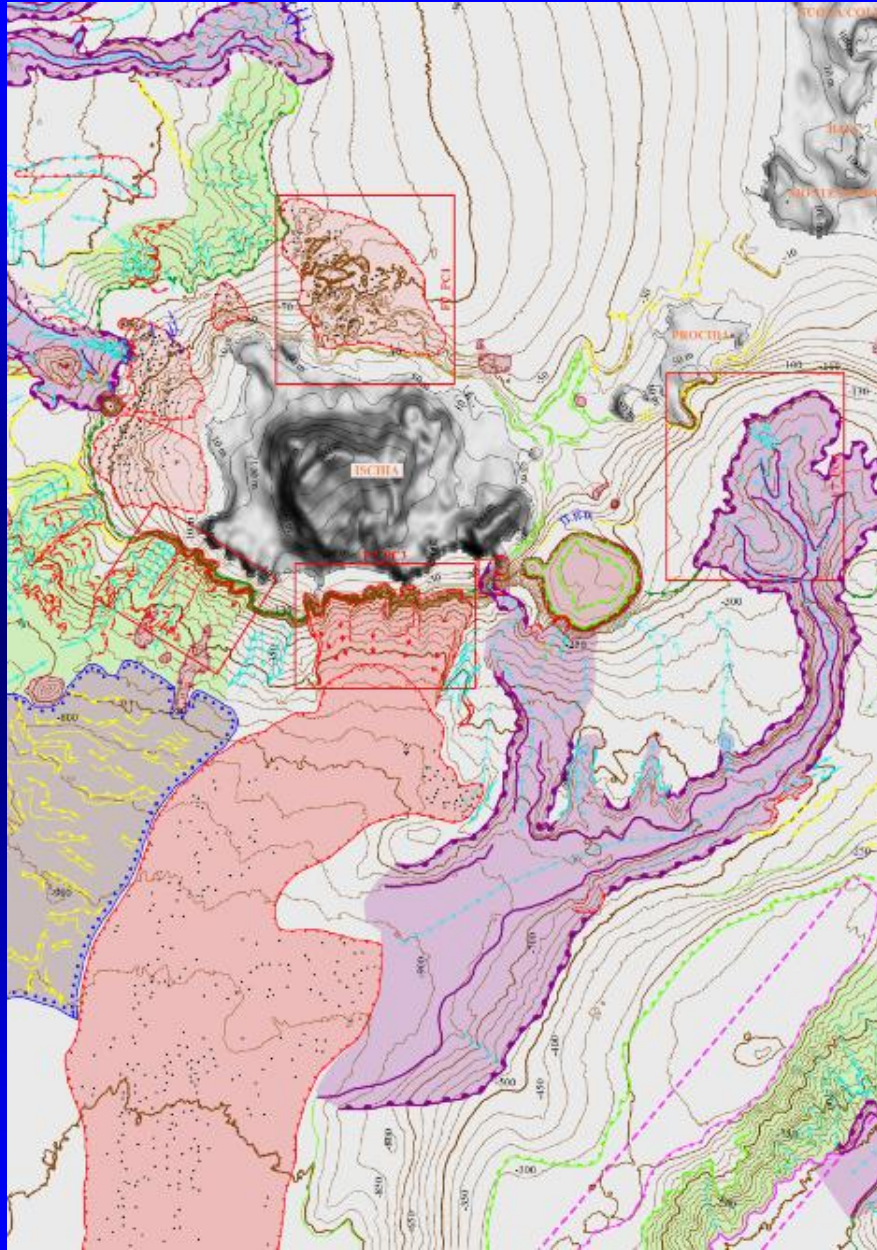
Sheet 33
(Catania)

1 km



Sheet 33 (Catania): 3rd Level - Morhobathymetric elements (EM)

4th Level : Critical Point (PC)



FOUR LEVEL REPRESENTATION

1st Physiographic domains

(1:250.000 areas)

2nd Morphostructural units

(1:50.000 areas + database)

3rd Morphologic features

(1:50.000 vectors)

4th Critical points

(detailed scale - variable
highlights)

Represented as
boxes in 1:50.000
maps and described
in monographs

Map of Geohazard Features of the Italian Seas

72+1 sheets

1:50.000 A0 format

2/3 of the Italian coastline covered





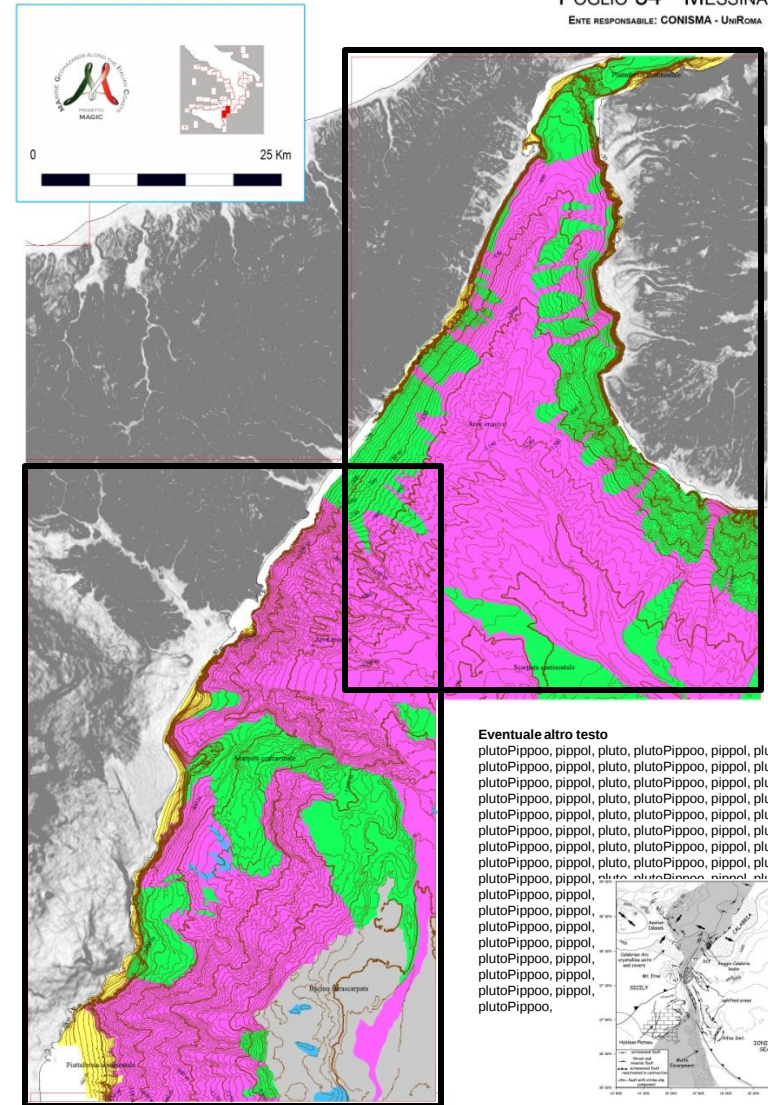
DATA OUTREACH

The final report has been delivered to Civil Protection Department and will be publicised to governmental authorities in mid-October

An Atlas is expected to be published by 2014, to spread the result obtained by MaGIC project over the scientists, end users and general public. Probably it will be presented on a devoted session at the Congress of the Italian Geological Society on Sept. 2014

This is the draft of the Atlas

FOGLIO 34 - MESSINA

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FOGLIO 33 - CATANIA

Legenda Livello I (Domini Fisiografici)

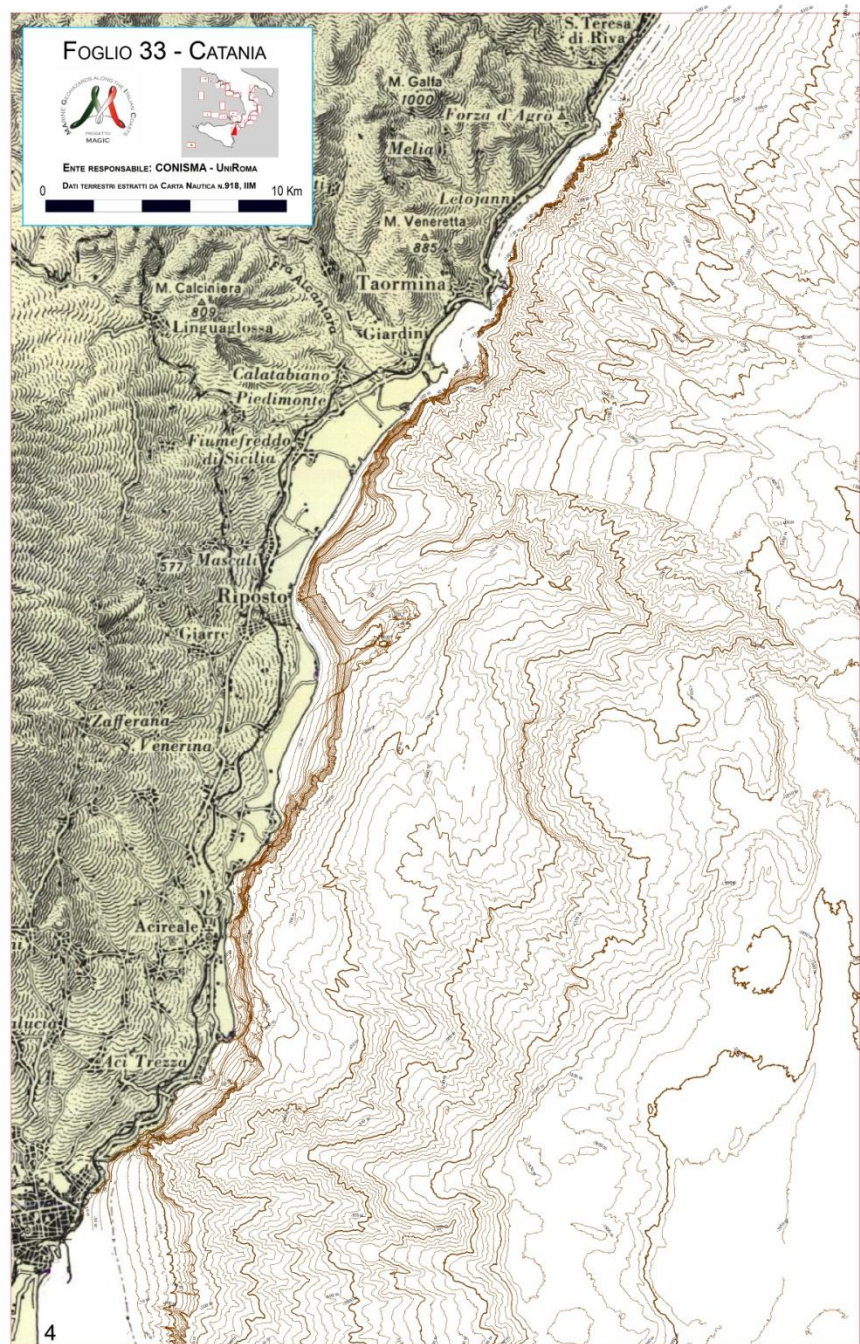


FOGLIO 33 - CATANIA



ENTE RESPONSABILE: CONISMA - UniROMA

DATI TERRESTRI ESTRATTI DA CARTA NAUTICA N.918, IIM

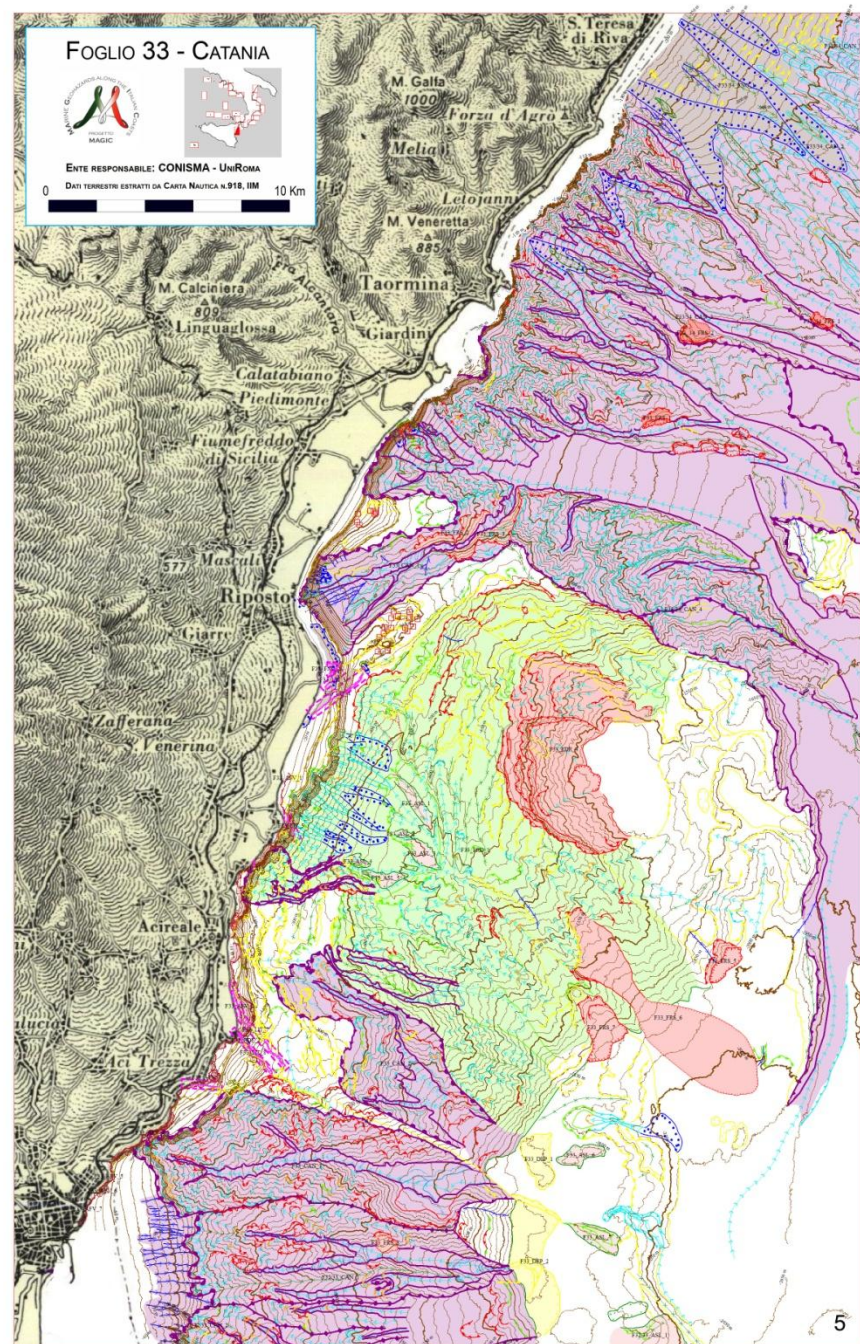


FOGLIO 33 - CATANIA



ENTE RESPONSABILE: CONISMA - UniROMA

DATI TERRESTRI ESTRATTI DA CARTA NAUTICA N.918, IIM



Descrizione del foglio

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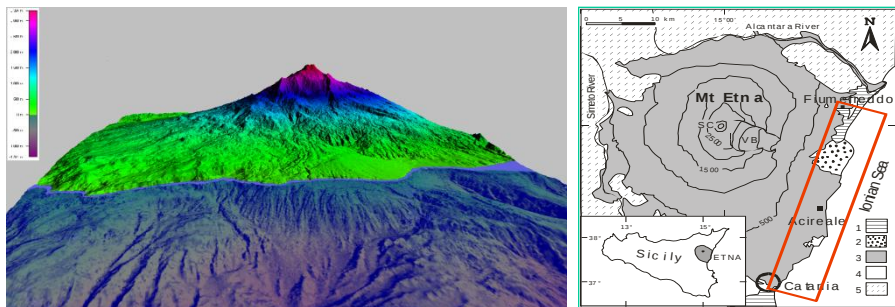


Fig. 1 a) Etna on-shore ed off-shore. b) Schema Geologico della regione dell'Etna che mostra faglie e sismicità della regione. (Brumetti et al., 2007).

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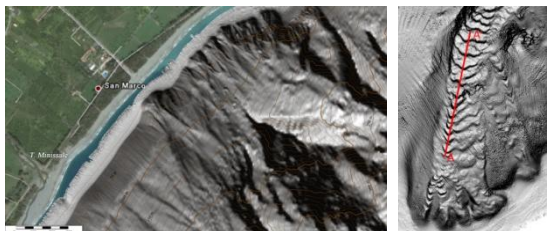


Fig. 2 PC1_F33 – a) Erosione del terrazzo deposizionale sommerso da parte di nicchie di distacco alla testata del canale di Fiumefreddo di Sicilia. Equidistanza contour 10 m; b) Dettaglio delle frane antistanti S. Marco. Es. Vert. 3X. b) Sezione lungo l'asse del canale di Praialonga

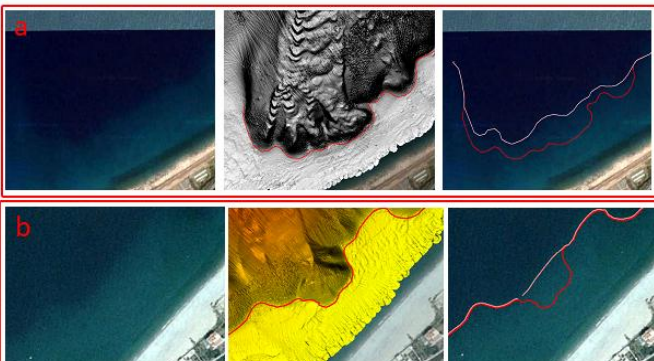


Fig. 3 PC3_F15 – Arretramento del ciglio della testata dei canali erosivi. Il confronto multitemporale tra le foto aeree e rilievi batimorfologici ha rivelato la presenza di fenomeni erosivi diffusi, costituiti da nicchie di distacco di piccole dimensioni del tutto simili per forme e dimensioni a quelle individuate nel canale di Marinella di Bagnara. a) Arretramento del margine meridionale della testata del canale di Praialonga, ubicazione rettangolo blu in Fig. 1 PC3_F15.

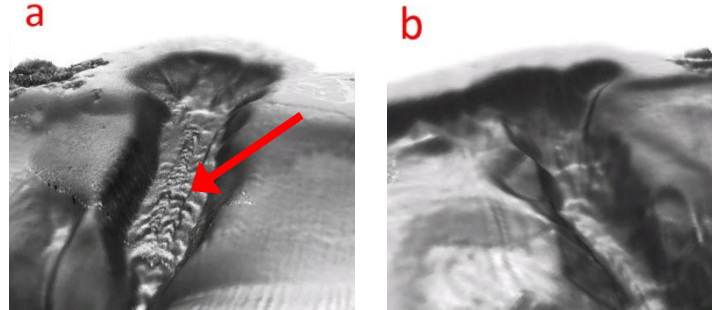


Fig. 4 PC1_F15 – Superfici 3D della testata meridionale (a, per la localizzazione rettangolo rosso in Fig.1 PC1_F15) e settentrionale (b, per la localizzazione rettangolo verde in Fig.1 PC1_F15) del canyon di Gioia (EV 3X).

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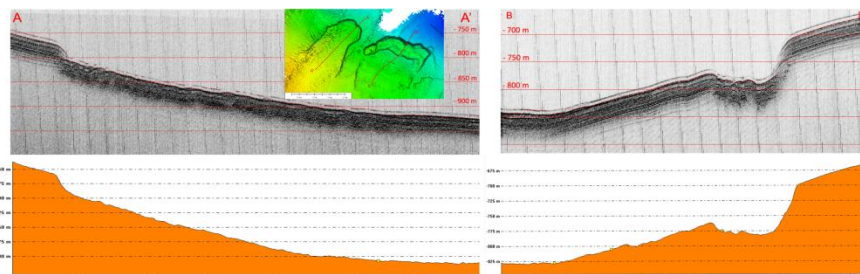


Fig. 5 PC4_F15 – Profili sismici longitudinali alla frana F1 (sinistra) e F2 (destra).

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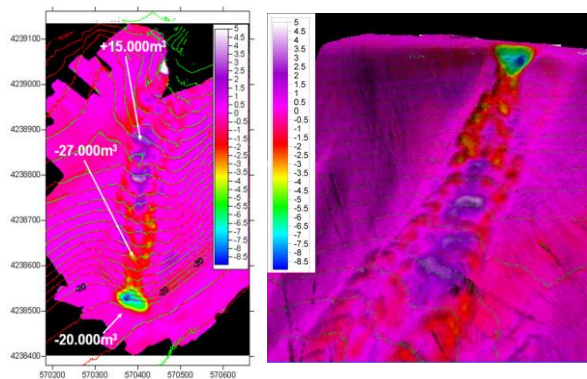


Fig. 6 PC2_F15 – Mappa dei residui batimetrici, in pianta e in visione prospettica relativa alla testata del canale di Marinella di Bagnara. Risulta evidente la nicchia di distacco (dal verde al blu) avvenuta a poche decine di metri dalla linea di costa. Per la localizzazione rettangolo rosso in Fig. 1 PC2_F15

MAGIC project: *M*arine *G*eohazard along the *I*talian *C*oasts

Results (direct)

Some 20.000 nautical miles of existing multibeam data recovered and reprocessed (if possible)

More than 40.000 nautical miles of MB data acquired during >500 ship working days

72 Sheets (1:50.000, A0 format) of the “*Map of Geohazard Features of the Italian Seas*” have been produced (4 interpretative levels)

Nearly 8.000 maps present in scientific/technical literature have been classified, georeferenced and made available in the web-GIS “infor.mare” sub-project

Results (indirect)

Creation of a large base of bathymetric data that will be used for any civil protection operation and will highlight future variation at the seafloor

Increase in our knowledge of events/processes occurring at the seafloor, by extensive data comparison and repetition of survey trough time on key areas

Spread over among the Italian Marine Geology research community competencies on multibeam data acquisition, processing and interpretation

Promote marine geology studies on the Italian Seas especially among young fellows

Create a collaborative approach among the marine geology research community, to answer needs and opportunities at national and international level

Thank you for your
attention

